Tuesday August 13th and

Thursday August 15th

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Reading Practice

**Present Perfect Simple**

**Formation:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| I/you/we/they + have + past participle + complement | I have travelled to the Moon.  I’ve travelled to the Moon.  You have learned a lot.  You’ve learned a lot. |
| He/she/ it + has + past participle + complement | He has walked a long way.  He’s walked a long way. |

**Question:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Have + I/you/we/they + past participle + complement? | Have you enjoyed the show? |
| Has + he/she/ it + past participle + complement | Has she spoken to her brother today? |

**Negative**:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| I/you/we/they + have + not + past participle + complement | They have not planned the party.  They haven’t planned the party. |
| He/she/ it + has + not + past participle + complement | He has not opened his presents yet.  He hasn’t opened his presents yet. |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Uses** | **Explanation** | **Examples** |
| Unfinished actions | Actions started in the past that continue into the present | *I’ve known her for 6 years. She’s lived in Medellin for 6 months.* |
| Life experience | Don’t say when, just sometime in the past. | *I have been to Guatapé. I’ve lived in Greece.* |
| A finished action with results in the present | Used to emphasise the result of the action. | *I have lost my keys (so I can’t get into my house). I've cooked dinner (so you shold come and eat).* |
| With an unfinished time word | this month, this week, today, | *She has drunk three cups of coffee today. I haven't seen her this month.* |

**Practice**:

**Why do we use the present perfect simple?**

You have broken my watch! ……………………………………….

I have never been to Paris. ……………………………………….

I haven’t seen her this week. ……………………………………….

How long have you been here? ……………………………………….

Angela has bought a new flat. ……………………………………….

How many times have you been married? ……………………………………….

We haven't worked on a farm. ……………………………………….

She’s eaten 8 cookies this morning. ……………………………………….

I have been busy this week ……………………………………….

This building has been an office since 1998. ……………………………………….

**Recap Past Simple:**

English uses verbs in the simple past tense to refer to actions, situations, or events that are finished and that happened before now.

Formation: Regular verbs in the past tense end in “-ed”

Fill in the gaps with either the past simple or the present perfect simple.

1) Last night I …………….. (lose) my keys – I had to call my flatmate to let me in.

2) I …………….. (lose) my keys - can you help me look for them?

3) I …………….. (visit) Paris three times.

4) Last year I …………….. (visit) Paris.

5) I …………….. (drink) three cups of coffee today.

6) I …………….. (drink) three cups of coffee yesterday.

7) I …………….. (play) Hockey since I was a child - I'm pretty good!.

8) She …………….. (play) hockey at school but she didn't like it.

9) Sorry, I …………….. (miss) the bus - I'm going to be late.

10) I …………….. (miss) the bus and then I …………….. (miss) the aeroplane as well!

11) Last month I …………….. (go) to Scotland.

12) I'm sorry, John isn't here now. He …………….. (go) to the shops.

13) We …………….. (finish) this room last week.

14) I …………….. (finish) my exams finally - I'm so happy!

15) Yesterday, I …………….. (go) to the library, the post office and the supermarket.

16) I …………….. (go) to the supermarket three times this week.

17) She …………….. (live) in London since 1994.

18) She …………….. (live) in London when she was a child.

Thursday August 15th:

**Sense 1**  
to get = to obtain, to buy To come into the possession of something.

*e.g. She gets treats for doing well at school. You will get your results tomorrow.*

**Sense 2**  
get = become To change state

*e.g. He got annoyed when he heard the bad news. It must be getting more serious.*

**Sense 3**  
get = receive To receive something

*e.g. I always get books for Christmas. His movie got a good review.*

**Sense 4**  
get = arrive To reach a destination

*e.g. She gets home at 7 o'clock She didn't get to Chicago until after midnight*

**Sense 5**  
get = bring, fetch To go and bring

*e.g. Get me those books from over there, please. Could you get the wine?*

**Sense 6**  
get= experience, undergo Mental or physical states or experiences

*e.g. He has got an idea! She gets vertigo when she looks out the window.*

*They get car sick on long journeys.*

**Sense 7**  
get = make, score To achieve a point or goal

*e.g. Nicklaus got a B in the test. The Colombian team got 4 goals!*

**Sense 8**  
get = persuade To cause to act in a certain way

*e.g. My children got me to buy them computer. My wife got me to take her out.*

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| --- | --- | --- |
| **Sentence** | **Type of ‘get’** | **Translation(s)** |
| He …………… in a bad mood when he is tired |  |  |
| I …………… my sister’s birthday present from *Zara*. |  |  |
| The children all ……………sick at the same time. |  |  |
| Can you …………… me a can of coke from the shop please. |  |  |
| Look what I …………… from my mom! |  |  |
| I …………… 85% in the test. |  |  |
| What time did you ………………… this morning? |  |  |
| My sister always ……………. car sick on long journeys. |  |  |
| I …….. my mom to collect me in the car when it is late. |  |  |

Remember: Make sure you check the tense! Some are present, some are past simple!

Now write your own sentences with the different types of get:

**To obtain, to buy** – Where something is from. *E.g. Where did you get your dress?*

………..……………………………………………………………………………………………………………….

**To become** – This shows a change of state. *E.g. It gets very cold in Santa Elena.*

This includes illness. *E.g. I always get the flu when I am tired.*

………..……………………………………………………………………………………………………………….

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**To receive** – A synonym for the verb receive. E*.g. I got an email from Kelly yesterday.*

…….…………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………….

**To arrive** – When used with a place means arrive. *E.g. I will get to Bogota at 8pm.*

…………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………….

**To bring** - To go and bring something. E.g.*Can you get me a cup of tea please?*

…………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………….

**Story Time**

Using all the descriptions we have learnt so far write a short story. Your story can be about anything you like, just make it interesting. Here are some tips:

* Try and use as many adjectives and adverbs as you can
* Remember to pay attention to tenses

Here are some ideas for stories:

* You are stranded on an island. How did you get there? How will you get home?
* You went for a walk one day and got lost. Where are you? How will you get home? What did you see?
* You play for a sports team and you are in the final of the league. Tell the story of the final. Do you win?
* Retell a famous Colombian story, in English…